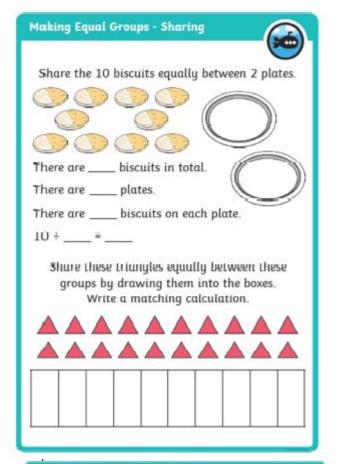
Good morning,

Here are your answers for Wednesday 8th July.

- 1) 33+8=41
- 2) ½ of 20=10
- 3) 70-30=40
- 4) 55-10=45



- 1. 10
- 2. 2
- 3. 5
- 4. 10÷2=5
- 5. 20÷10=2





5 children want to buy sweets from the shop. They want to share them equally. Which bag should they buy? Explain why.







The teacher wants to buy balls to use in PE.

She wants to be able to share them equally between 10 children. Which bag should she buy?

Explain why.







- 1) They would need the bag with 15 sweets in as they can divide 15 by 5 equally. The children would get 3 sweets each
- 2) The teacher would need the bag with 20 balls in as you can divide 20 by 10 equally. The children would get 2 balls each.

Carefully read the passage below

So one morning, when the tide was out, Noi crept away. He hopped from rock to rock and pattered over wet sand. He dipped in and out of rock pools. Then he spotted something shimmering across the sand. It was a great big rock full of holes. Noi weaved in and out and skipped around its edges. It was a castle, a tall ship, a smuggler's den. It was the barnacle back of an ancient whale. Outside the sky swirled black and grey. A storm was brewing. Noi listened as the sea thrashed against the rocks and rain began trickling down the walls. Suddenly, with a flutter and a squawk, something tumbled out of the storm and landed in Noi's cave.

Answer the following questions using the text:

'Noi crept away' What does this suggest about how Noi moved? Why did she move in that way?

What did Noi spot shimmering across the sand?

What four things did the rock become to Noi?

'Outside the sky swirled black and grey' Why is the word swirled used?

Who landed in Noi's cave?

Noi moved without a sound because she didn't want anybody to see her.

Noi saw a great big rock full of holes.

It was a castle, a tall ship, a smuggler's den and a barnacle at the back of an ancient whale.

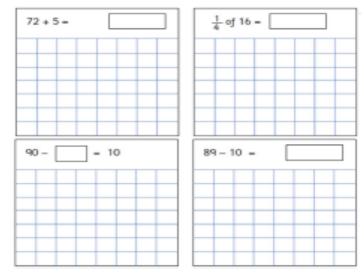
The word swirled is used to suggest the sky was moving and creating a storm.

A bird landed in Noi's cave.

	·····g	
Thursday	Maths — Make equal groups grouping (Division)	Art - Sketch a landscape
	Reading — Compare Grandma	using a range of techniques
	Bird and Grandad's Island	
	Writing - Write the opening to	
	a story	

Thursday 9th July - Maths

Starter:



Recap what division means. Solve the following number sentences using the sharing method you put into practice yesterday.

16÷4=

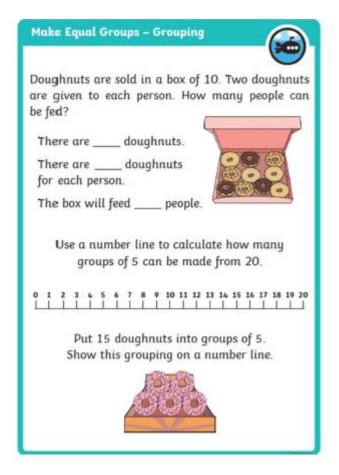
12÷3=

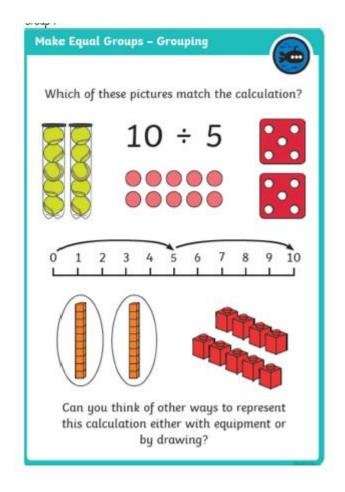
Today, we will be continuing to look at division but focusing on making equal groups by 'grouping'.

Watch the learning clip- https://vimeo.com/420582476

Main activity:

With an adult discuss the following questions whilst solving the task.





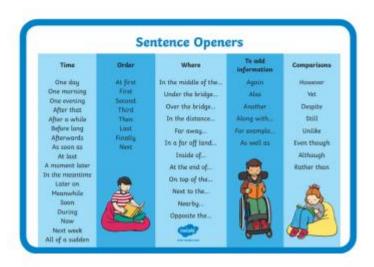
Thursday 9th July - Writing

Today you are going to start writing the opening to the story. Read through the model texts again and begin to write your story opening. You are going to focus on using your super vocabulary to introduce the main character and describe your setting. Use the resources below and the model texts to help.



Does my story have:

ocs my story nave.	
capital letters to start sentences	
full stops to end sentences	
a character introduction	
a descriptive setting	
Conjunctions	
what the characters, see, hear, smell, touch or feel	
different words to start sentences	
speech marks for words spoken ""	
Joined handwriting	



Thursday 9th July - Reading

We have shared two very exciting stories over the past few weeks

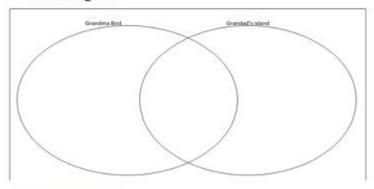






Now you have listened to both stories. What do you think is similar? What do you think is different?

Venn Diagram



Compare the 2 stories:

What is different? What is the same?

* Remember things that are the same go in the middle of the Venn diagram

Thursday 9th July - Art

L3 Design

Can I draw a landscape picture
in the style of Pieter Bruegel?

What is a landscape?

Which artists have we been learning about who are known for their landscape work?

Discuss these words with an adult:

tone shade tint depth
shadow texture perspective
horizon line skyline
vanishing point

TASK: Create a landscape picture in the style of Bruegel.

Think back to all our previous learning about landscapes.

What will you include in your landscape picture?

 Remember to use perspective in your artwork - horizon line, skyline, vanishing point.

Think about tone, shade and texture.

What techniques will you use?

Choose one of the pictures below to sketch a landscape similar to Bruegel's.

Remember to use all of the techniques that we have learnt about over the last few week. Don't forget to persevere, your first attempt may not be your best attempt.



